

BEFORE THE BOARD OF DISCIPLINARY APPEALS APPOINTED BY THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS

IN THE MATTER OF §
JACQUES EVAN TREVINO, § CAUSE NO. 57320
STATE BAR CARD NO. 00797571 §

PETITION FOR COMPULSORY DISCIPLINE

TO THE BOARD OF DISCIPLINARY APPEALS:

Petitioner, the Commission for Lawyer Discipline (hereinafter called "Petitioner"), brings this action against Respondent, Jacques Evan Trevino, (hereinafter called "Respondent"), showing as follows:

- 1. This action is commenced by Petitioner pursuant to Part VIII of the Texas Rules of Disciplinary Procedure. Petitioner is also providing Respondent a copy of this Board's procedures for handling a compulsory discipline matter by attaching a copy of such procedures to this petition.
- 2. Respondent, Jacques Evan Trevino, may be served with a true and correct copy of this Petition for Compulsory Discipline, its attachments, as well as a notice of hearing, at Jacques Evan Trevino, #02027407, Jester I Unit, 1 Jester Road, Richmond, TX 77406.
- 3. On or about December 11, 2013, Respondent, was charged by Indictment (Exhibit 1) with Count One Theft of Property \$20k<\$100k and Count Two Misapplication of Fiduciary Property O/\$20k U/\$100k in Case No. CR-4374-13-C, styled *The State of Texas v. Jacques Trevino*, in the District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas.
- 4. On or about August 10, 2015, an Order of Deferred Adjudication & Community Supervision (Exhibit 2) was entered in Case No.CR-4374-13-I (Count Two), styled *The State of Jacques Evan Trevino Petition For Compulsory Discipline Page 1*

Texas v. Jacques Trevino, in the 398th Judicial District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas, wherein Respondent pled no contest to Count Two of the Indictment – Misapplication of Fiduciary Property, in an amount of \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,00, a Third Degree Felony, and was placed on community supervision for a period of ten (10) years with a fine of \$500.00, restitution of \$91,667.00, one hundred sixty (160) hours of community service, and ordered to serve an indeterminate term of confinement and treatment of not more than one (1) year or less than ninety (90) days in a Substance Abuse Treatment Facility operated ty the Texas Department of Criminal Justice. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all intents and purposes as if the same were copied verbatim herein, are true and correct copies of the following documents in the Trevino criminal case: Indictment (Exhibit 1) and Order of Deferred Adjudication & Community Supervision (Exhibit 2). Petitioner expects to introduce certified copies of Exhibits 1 and 2 at the time of hearing of this cause.

- Respondent, Jacques Evan Trevino, whose bar card number is 00797571, is the same person as the Jacques Trevino, who is the subject of the Indictment and Order described above, true and correct copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibits 1 and 2.
- 6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 and made a part hereof for all intents and purposes as if the same were copied verbatim herein is a true and correct copy of an affidavit of Judith DeBerry, Attorney of Record for Petitioner herein, attesting to the fact that Respondent is the same person as the person who is the subject of the Information and Judgment entered in the Trevino criminal case described above. Petitioner expects to introduce the original of said affidavit at the time of hearing of this cause.
- 7. The offense for which Respondent was convicted is an intentional crime as defined by Rule 1.06(T), Texas Rules of Disciplinary Procedure. It is as well a serious crime as defined

by Rule 1.06(Z), Texas Rules of Disciplinary Procedure.

8. Having pled no contest to an intentional crime, and such judgment being final, Respondent should be disbarred as provided in Rule 8.05, Texas Rules of Disciplinary Procedure.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Petitioner prays that Respondent be given notice of these proceedings as provided by law and, upon hearing of this matter, that the Board enter its order disbarring Respondent and for such other and further relief to which Petitioner may be entitled to receive including costs of court and attorney's fees.

Respectfully submitted,

Linda A. Acevedo Chief Disciplinary Counsel

Judith Gres DeBerry

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Judith Gres DeBerry

State Bar Card No. 24040780

ATTORNEYS FOR PETITIONER

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing instrument has been sent for personal service on Jacques Evan Trevino, #02027407, Jester I Unit, 1 Jester Road, Richmond, TX 77406, on this 4 day of March 2016.

Judith Gres DeBerry

NOTICE OF HEARING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a trial on the merits of the Petition for Compulsory Discipline heretofore sent to be filed with the Board of Disciplinary Appeals on this day, will be held in the courtroom of the Supreme Court of Texas, Tom C. Clark Building, 14th and Colorado Streets, Austin, Texas, at 9:00 a.m. on the 29th day of April 2016.

Judith Gres DeBerry

INTERNAL PROCEDURAL RULES

Board of Disciplinary Appeals

Effective February 19, 2015

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SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Rule 1.01 Definitions

- (a) "BODA" is the Board of Disciplinary Appeals.
- (b) "Chair" is the member elected by BODA to serve as chair or, in the Chair's absence, the member elected by BODA to serve as vice-chair.
- (c) "Classification" is the determination by the CDC under TRDP 2.10 or by BODA under TRDP 7.08(C) whether a grievance constitutes a "complaint" or an "inquiry."
- (d) "BODA Clerk" is the executive director of BODA or other person appointed by BODA to assume all duties normally performed by the clerk of a court.
- (e) "CDC" is the Chief Disciplinary Counsel for the State Bar of Texas and his or her assistants.
- (f) "Commission" is the Commission for Lawyer Discipline, a permanent committee of the State Bar of Texas.
- (g) "Executive Director" is the executive director of BODA.
- (h) "Panel" is any three-member grouping of BODA under TRDP 7.05.
- "Party" is a Complainant, a Respondent, or the Commission.
- (j) "TDRPC" is the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct.
- (k) "TRAP" is the Texas Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (l) "TRCP" is the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (m) "TRDP" is the Texas Rules of Disciplinary Procedure.
- (n) "TRE" is the Texas Rules of Evidence.

Rule 1.02 General Powers

Under TRDP 7.08, BODA has and may exercise all the powers of either a trial court or an appellate court, as the case may be, in hearing and determining disciplinary proceedings. But TRDP 15.01 applies to the enforcement of a judgment of BODA.

Rule 1.03 Additional Rules in Disciplinary Matters

Except as varied by these rules and to the extent applicable, the TRCP, TRAP, and TRE apply to all disciplinary matters before BODA, except for appeals from classification decisions, which are governed by TRDP 2.10 and by Section 3 of these rules.

Rule 1.04 Appointment of Panels

- (a) BODA may consider any matter or motion by panel, except as specified in (b). The Chair may delegate to the Executive Director the duty to appoint a panel for any BODA action. Decisions are made by a majority vote of the panel; however, any panel member may refer a matter for consideration by BODA sitting en banc. Nothing in these rules gives a party the right to be heard by BODA sitting en banc.
- (b) Any disciplinary matter naming a BODA member as Respondent must be considered by BODA sitting en banc. A disciplinary matter naming a BODA staff member as Respondent need not be heard en banc.

Rule 1.05 Filing of Pleadings, Motions, and Other Papers

- (a) **Electronic Filing.** All documents must be filed electronically. Unrepresented persons or those without the means to file electronically may electronically file documents, but it is not required.
 - (1) **Email Address.** The email address of an attorney or an unrepresented party who electronically files a document must be included on the document.
 - (2) **Timely Filing.** Documents are filed electronically by emailing the document to the BODA Clerk at the email address designated by BODA

for that purpose. A document filed by email will be considered filed the day that the email is sent. The date sent is the date shown for the message in the inbox of the email account designated for receiving filings. If a document is sent after 5:00 p.m. or on a weekend or holiday officially observed by the State of Texas, it is considered filed the next business day.

(3) It is the responsibility of the party filing a document by email to obtain the correct email address for BODA and to confirm that the document was received by BODA in legible form. Any document that is illegible or that cannot be opened as part of an email attachment will not be considered filed. If a document is untimely due to a technical failure or a system outage, the filing party may seek appropriate relief from BODA.

(4) Exceptions.

- (i) An appeal to BODA of a decision by the CDC to classify a grievance as an inquiry is not required to be filed electronically.
- (ii) The following documents must not be filed electronically:
 - a) documents that are filed under seal or subject to a pending motion to seal; and
 - documents to which access is otherwise restricted by court order.
- (iii) For good cause, BODA may permit a party to file other documents in paper form in a particular case.
- (5) **Format.** An electronically filed document must:
 - (i) be in text-searchable portable

- document format (PDF);
- (ii) be directly converted to PDF rather than scanned, if possible; and
- (iii) not be locked.
- (b) A paper will not be deemed filed if it is sent to an individual BODA member or to another address other than the address designated by BODA under Rule 1.05(a)(2).
- (c) Signing. Each brief, motion, or other paper filed must be signed by at least one attorney for the party or by the party pro se and must give the State Bar of Texas card number, mailing address, telephone number, email address, and fax number, if any, of each attorney whose name is signed or of the party (if applicable). A document is considered signed if the document includes:
 - (1) an "/s/" and name typed in the space where the signature would otherwise appear, unless the document is notarized or sworn; or
 - (2) an electronic image or scanned image of the signature.
- (d) **Paper Copies.** Unless required by BODA, a party need not file a paper copy of an electronically filed document.
- (e) Service. Copies of all documents filed by any party other than the record filed by the evidentiary panel clerk or the court reporter must, at or before the time of filing, be served on all other parties as required and authorized by the TRAP.

Rule 1.06 Service of Petition

In any disciplinary proceeding before BODA initiated by service of a petition on the Respondent, the petition may be served by personal service; by certified mail with return receipt requested; or, if permitted by BODA, in any other manner that is authorized by the TRCP and reasonably calculated under all the circumstances to apprise the Respondent of the proceeding and to give him or

her reasonable time to appear and answer. To establish service by certified mail, the return receipt must contain the Respondent's signature.

Rule 1.07 Hearing Setting and Notice

- (a) Original Petitions. In any kind of case initiated by the CDC's filing a petition or motion with BODA, the CDC may contact the BODA Clerk for the next regularly available hearing date before filing the original petition. If a hearing is set before the petition is filed, the petition must state the date, time, and place of the hearing. Except in the case of a petition to revoke probation under TRDP 2.23, the hearing date must be at least 30 days from the date that the petition is served on the Respondent.
- (b) **Expedited Settings.** If a party desires a hearing on a matter on a date earlier than the next regularly available BODA hearing date, the party may request an expedited setting in a written motion setting out the reasons for the request. Unless the parties agree otherwise, and except in the case of a petition to revoke probation under TRDP 2.23, the expedited hearing setting must be at least 30 days from the date of service of the petition, motion, or other pleading. BODA has the sole discretion to grant or deny a request for an expedited hearing
- (c) **Setting Notices.** BODA must notify the parties of any hearing date that is not noticed in an original petition or motion.
- Announcement Docket. Attorneys and parties appearing before BODA must confirm their presence and present any questions regarding procedure to the BODA Clerk in the courtroom immediately prior to the time docket call is scheduled to begin. Each party with a matter on the docket must appear at the docket call to give an announcement of readiness, to give a time estimate for the hearing, and to present any preliminary motions or matters. Immediately

following the docket call, the Chair will set and announce the order of cases to be heard.

Rule 1.08 Time to Answer

The Respondent may file an answer at any time, except where expressly provided otherwise by these rules or the TRDP, or when an answer date has been set by prior order of BODA. BODA may, but is not required to, consider an answer filed the day of the hearing.

Rule 1.09 Pretrial Procedure

- (a) Motions.
 - Generally. To request an order or other relief, a party must file a motion supported by sufficient cause with proof of service on all other parties. The motion must state with particularity the grounds on which it is based and set forth the relief sought. All supporting briefs, affidavits, or other documents must be served and filed with the motion. A party may file a response to a motion at any time before BODA rules on the motion or by any deadline set by BODA. Unless otherwise required by these rules or the TRDP, the form of a motion must comply with the TRCP or the TRAP.
 - (2) For Extension of Time. All motions for extension of time in any matter before BODA must be in writing, comply with (a)(1), and specify the following:
 - (i) if applicable, the date of notice of decision of the evidentiary panel, together with the number and style of the case;
 - (ii) if an appeal has been perfected, the date when the appeal was perfected;
 - (iii) the original deadline for filing the item in question;

- (iv) the length of time requested for the extension;
- (v) the number of extensions of time that have been granted previously regarding the item in question; and
- (vi) the facts relied on to reasonably explain the need for an extension.
- (b) **Pretrial Scheduling Conference.** Any party may request a pretrial scheduling conference, or BODA on its own motion may require a pretrial scheduling conference.
- (c) **Trial Briefs.** In any disciplinary proceeding before BODA, except with leave, all trial briefs and memoranda must be filed with the BODA Clerk no later than ten days before the day of the hearing.
- (d) Hearing Exhibits, Witness Lists, and Exhibits Tendered for Argument. A party may file a witness list, exhibit, or any other document to be used at a hearing or oral argument before the hearing or argument. A party must bring to the hearing an original and 12 copies of any document that was not filed at least one business day before the hearing. The original and copies must be:
 - (1) marked:
 - (2) indexed with the title or description of the item offered as an exhibit; and
 - (3) if voluminous, bound to lie flat when open and tabbed in accordance with the index.

All documents must be marked and provided to the opposing party before the hearing or argument begins.

Rule 1.10 Decisions

(a) **Notice of Decisions.** The BODA Clerk must give notice of all decisions and opinions to the parties or their attorneys of record.

- (b) **Publication of Decisions.** BODA must report judgments or orders of public discipline:
 - (1) as required by the TRDP; and
 - (2) on its website for a period of at least ten years following the date of the disciplinary judgment or order.
- (c) Abstracts of Classification Appeals. BODA may, in its discretion, prepare an abstract of a classification appeal for a public reporting service.

Rule 1.11 Board of Disciplinary Appeals Opinions

- (a) BODA may render judgment in any disciplinary matter with or without written opinion. In accordance with TRDP 6.06, all written opinions of BODA are open to the public and must be made available to the public reporting services, print or electronic, for publishing. A majority of the members who participate in considering the disciplinary matter must determine if an opinion will be written. The names of the participating members must be noted on all written opinions of BODA.
- (b) Only a BODA member who participated in the decision of a disciplinary matter may file or join in a written opinion concurring in or dissenting from the judgment of BODA. For purposes of this rule, in hearings in which evidence is taken, no member may participate in the decision unless that member was present at the hearing. In all other proceedings, no member may participate unless that member has reviewed the record. Any member of BODA may file a written opinion in connection with the denial of a hearing or rehearing en banc.
- (c) A BODA determination in an appeal from a grievance classification decision under TRDP 2.10 is not a judgment for purposes of this rule and may be issued without a written opinion.

Rule 1.12 BODA Work Product and Drafts

A document or record of any nature—regardless of its form, characteristics, or means of transmission—that is created or produced in connection with or related to BODA's adjudicative decision-making process is not subject to disclosure or discovery. This includes documents prepared by any BODA member, BODA staff, or any other person acting on behalf of or at the direction of BODA.

Rule 1.13 Record Retention

Records of appeals from classification decisions must be retained by the BODA Clerk for a period of at least three years from the date of disposition. Records of other disciplinary matters must be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of final judgment, or for at least one year after the date a suspension or disbarment ends, whichever is later. For purposes of this rule, a record is any document, paper, letter, map, book, tape, photograph, film, recording, or other material filed with BODA, regardless of its form, characteristics, or means of transmission.

Rule 1.14 Costs of Reproduction of Records

The BODA Clerk may charge a reasonable amount for the reproduction of nonconfidential records filed with BODA. The fee must be paid in advance to the BODA Clerk.

Rule 1.15 Publication of These Rules

These rules will be published as part of the TDRPC and TRDP.

SECTION 2: ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Rule 2.01 Representing or Counseling Parties in Disciplinary Matters and Legal Malpractice Cases

(a) A current member of BODA must not represent a party or testify voluntarily in a disciplinary action or proceeding. Any BODA member who is subpoenaed or otherwise compelled to appear at a disciplinary action or proceeding, including at a deposition, must promptly notify the BODA Chair.

- (b) A current BODA member must not serve as an expert witness on the TDRPC.
- (c) A BODA member may represent a party in a legal malpractice case, provided that he or she is later recused in accordance with these rules from any proceeding before BODA arising out of the same facts.

Rule 2.02 Confidentiality

- (a) BODA deliberations are confidential, must not be disclosed by BODA members or staff, and are not subject to disclosure or discovery.
- Classification appeals, (b) appeals from judgments of private evidentiary reprimand, appeals from an evidentiary judgment dismissing a case, interlocutory appeals or any interim proceedings from an ongoing evidentiary case, disability cases are confidential under the TRDP. BODA must maintain all records associated with these cases confidential, subject to disclosure only as provided in the TRDP and these rules.
- (c) If a member of BODA is subpoenaed or otherwise compelled by law to testify in any proceeding, the member must not disclose a matter that was discussed in conference in connection with a disciplinary case unless the member is required to do so by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Rule 2.03 Disqualification and Recusal of BODA Members

- (a) BODA members are subject to disqualification and recusal as provided in TRCP 18b.
- (b) BODA members may, in addition to recusals under (a), voluntarily recuse themselves from any discussion and voting for any reason. The reasons that a BODA member is recused from a case are not subject to discovery.
- (c) These rules do not disqualify a lawyer who is a member of, or associated with,

the law firm of a BODA member from serving on a grievance committee or representing a party in a disciplinary proceeding or legal malpractice case. But a BODA member must recuse him- or herself from any matter in which a lawyer who is a member of, or associated with, the BODA member's firm is a party or represents a party.

SECTION 3: CLASSIFICATION APPEALS

Rule 3.01 Notice of Right to Appeal

- (a) If a grievance filed by the Complainant under TRDP 2.10 is classified as an inquiry, the CDC must notify the Complainant of his or her right to appeal as set out in TRDP 2.10 or another applicable rule.
- (b) To facilitate the potential filing of an appeal of a grievance classified as an inquiry, the CDC must send the Complainant an appeal notice form, approved by BODA, with the classification disposition. The form must include the docket number of the matter; the deadline for appealing; and information for mailing, faxing, or emailing the appeal notice form to BODA. The appeal notice form must be available in English and Spanish.

Rule 3.02 Record on Appeal

BODA must only consider documents that were filed with the CDC prior to the classification decision. When a notice of appeal from a classification decision has been filed, the CDC must forward to BODA a copy of the grievance and all supporting documentation. If the appeal challenges the classification of an amended grievance, the CDC must also send BODA a copy of the initial grievance, unless it has been destroyed.

SECTION 4: APPEALS FROM EVIDENTIARY PANEL HEARINGS

Rule 4.01 Perfecting Appeal

(a) **Appellate Timetable.** The date that the evidentiary judgment is signed starts the

appellate timetable under this section. To make TRDP 2.21 consistent with this requirement, the date that the judgment is signed is the "date of notice" under Rule 2.21.

- (b) **Notification of the Evidentiary Judgment.** The clerk of the evidentiary panel must notify the parties of the judgment as set out in TRDP 2.21.
 - (1) The evidentiary panel clerk must notify the Commission and the Respondent in writing of the judgment. The notice must contain a clear statement that any appeal of the judgment must be filed with BODA within 30 days of the date that the judgment was signed. The notice must include a copy of the judgment rendered.
 - The evidentiary panel clerk must notify the Complainant that a judgment has been rendered and provide a copy of the judgment, evidentiary panel unless the dismissed the case or imposed a private reprimand. In the case of a dismissal or private reprimand, the evidentiary panel clerk must notify the Complainant of the decision and that the contents of the judgment are confidential. Under TRDP 2.16, no additional information regarding the contents of a judgment of dismissal or private reprimand may be disclosed to the Complainant.
- (c) Filing Notice of Appeal. An appeal is perfected when a written notice of appeal is filed with BODA. If a notice of appeal and any other accompanying documents are mistakenly filed with the evidentiary panel clerk, the notice is deemed to have been filed the same day with BODA, and the evidentiary panel clerk must immediately send the BODA Clerk a copy of the notice and any accompanying documents.

- (d) **Time to File.** In accordance with TRDP 2.24, the notice of appeal must be filed within 30 days after the date the judgment is signed. In the event a motion for new trial or motion to modify the judgment is timely filed with the evidentiary panel, the notice of appeal must be filed with BODA within 90 days from the date the judgment is signed.
- (e) **Extension of Time.** A motion for an extension of time to file the notice of appeal must be filed no later than 15 days after the last day allowed for filing the notice of appeal. The motion must comply with Rule 1.09.

Rule 4.02 Record on Appeal

- (a) Contents. The record on appeal consists of the evidentiary panel clerk's record and, where necessary to the appeal, a reporter's record of the evidentiary panel hearing.
- (b) **Stipulation as to Record.** The parties may designate parts of the clerk's record and the reporter's record to be included in the record on appeal by written stipulation filed with the clerk of the evidentiary panel.

(c) Responsibility for Filing Record.

- (1) Clerk's Record.
 - (i) After receiving notice that an appeal has been filed, the clerk of the evidentiary panel is responsible for preparing, certifying, and timely filing the clerk's record.
 - (ii) Unless the parties stipulate otherwise, the clerk's record on appeal must contain the items listed in TRAP 34.5(a) and any other paper on file with the evidentiary panel, including the election letter, all pleadings on which the hearing was held, the docket sheet, the evidentiary panel's charge, any findings of

- fact and conclusions of law, all other pleadings, the judgment or other orders appealed from, the notice of decision sent to each party, any postsubmission pleadings and briefs, and the notice of appeal.
- (iii) If the clerk of the evidentiary panel is unable for any reason to prepare and transmit the clerk's record by the due date, he or she must promptly notify BODA and the parties, explain why the clerk's record cannot be timely filed, and give the date by which he or she expects the clerk's record to be filed.
- (2) Reporter's Record.
 - (i) The court reporter for the evidentiary panel is responsible for timely filing the reporter's record if:
 - a) a notice of appeal has been filed:
 - a party has requested that all or part of the reporter's record be prepared; and
 - c) the party requesting all or part of the reporter's record has paid the reporter's fee or has made satisfactory arrangements with the reporter.
 - (ii) If the court reporter is unable for any reason to prepare and transmit the reporter's record by the due date, he or she must promptly notify BODA and the parties, explain the reasons why the reporter's record cannot be timely filed, and give the date by which he or she expects the reporter's record to be filed.
- (d) Preparation of Clerk's Record.
 - (1) To prepare the clerk's record, the

evidentiary panel clerk must:

- (i) gather the documents designated by the parties' written stipulation or, if no stipulation was filed, the documents required under (c)(1)(ii);
- (ii) start each document on a new page;
- (iii) include the date of filing on each document:
- (iv) arrange the documents in chronological order, either by the date of filing or the date of occurrence;
- (v) number the pages of the clerk's record in the manner required by (d)(2);
- (vi) prepare and include, after the front cover of the clerk's record, a detailed table of contents that complies with (d)(3); and
- (vii) certify the clerk's record.
- (2) The clerk must start the page numbering on the front cover of the first volume of the clerk's record and continue to number all pages consecutively—including the front and back covers, tables of contents, certification page, and separator pages, if any—until the final page of the clerk's record, without regard for the number of volumes in the clerk's record, and place each page number at the bottom of each page.
- (3) The table of contents must:
 - (i) identify each document in the entire record (including sealed documents); the date each document was filed; and, except for sealed documents, the page on which each

document begins;

- (ii) be double-spaced;
- (iii) conform to the order in which documents appear in the clerk's record, rather than in alphabetical order;
- (iv) contain bookmarks linking each description in the table of contents (except for descriptions of sealed documents) to the page on which the document begins;
- (v) if the record consists of multiple volumes, indicate the page on which each volume begins.
- (e) Electronic Filing of the Clerk's Record.

 The evidentiary panel clerk must file the record electronically. When filing a clerk's record in electronic form, the evidentiary panel clerk must:
 - (1) file each computer file in textsearchable Portable Document Format (PDF);
 - create electronic bookmarks to mark the first page of each document in the clerk's record;
 - (3) limit the size of each computer file to 100 MB or less, if possible; and
 - (4) directly convert, rather than scan, the record to PDF, if possible.
- (f) Preparation of the Reporter's Record.
 - (1) The appellant, at or before the time prescribed for perfecting the appeal, must make a written request for the reporter's record to the court reporter for the evidentiary panel. The request must designate the portion of the evidence and other proceedings to be included. A copy of the request must be filed with the evidentiary panel and BODA and must be served on the appellee. The

- reporter's record must be certified by the court reporter for the evidentiary panel.
- (2) The court reporter or recorder must prepare and file the reporter's record in accordance with TRAP 34.6 and 35 and the Uniform Format Manual for Texas Reporters' Records.
- (3) The court reporter or recorder must file the reporter's record in an electronic format by emailing the document to the email address designated by BODA for that purpose.
- (4) The court reporter or recorder must include either a scanned image of any required signature or "/s/" and name typed in the space where the signature would otherwise appear.
- (5) A court reporter or recorder must not lock any document that is part of the record.
- (6) In exhibit volumes, the court reporter or recorder must create bookmarks to mark the first page of each exhibit document.
- (g) Other Requests. At any time before the clerk's record is prepared, or within ten days after service of a copy of appellant's request for the reporter's record, any party may file a written designation requesting that additional exhibits and portions of testimony be included in the record. The request must be filed with the evidentiary panel and BODA and must be served on the other party.
- (h) Inaccuracies or Defects. If the clerk's record is found to be defective or inaccurate, the BODA Clerk must inform the clerk of the evidentiary panel of the defect or inaccuracy and instruct the clerk to make the correction. Any inaccuracies in the reporter's record may be corrected by agreement of the parties without the court reporter's recertification. Any dispute regarding the reporter's record

- that the parties are unable to resolve by agreement must be resolved by the evidentiary panel.
- (i) Appeal from Private Reprimand. Under TRDP 2.16, in an appeal from a judgment of private reprimand, BODA must mark the record as confidential, remove the attorney's name from the case style, and take any other steps necessary to preserve the confidentiality of the private reprimand.

Rule 4.03 Time to File Record

Timetable. The clerk's record and reporter's record must be filed within 60 days after the date the judgment is signed. If a motion for new trial or motion to modify the judgment is filed with the evidentiary panel, the clerk's record and the reporter's record must be filed within 120 days from the date the original judgment is signed, unless a modified judgment is signed, in which case the clerk's record and the reporter's record must be filed within 60 days of the signing of the modified judgment. Failure to file either the clerk's record or the reporter's record on time does not affect BODA's jurisdiction, but may result in BODA's exercising its discretion to dismiss the appeal, affirm the judgment appealed from, disregard materials filed late, or apply presumptions against the appellant.

(b) If No Record Filed.

- (1) If the clerk's record or reporter's record has not been timely filed, the BODA Clerk must send notice to the party responsible for filing it, stating that the record is late and requesting that the record be filed within 30 days. The BODA Clerk must send a copy of this notice to all the parties and the clerk of the evidentiary panel.
- (2) If no reporter's record is filed due to appellant's fault, and if the clerk's

record has been filed, BODA may, after first giving the appellant notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure, consider and decide those issues or points that do not require a reporter's record for a decision. BODA may do this if no reporter's record has been filed because:

- (i) the appellant failed to request a reporter's record; or
- (ii) the appellant failed to pay or make arrangements to pay the reporter's fee to prepare the reporter's record, and the appellant is not entitled to proceed without payment of costs.
- (c) Extension of Time to File the Reporter's Record. When an extension of time is requested for filing the reporter's record, the facts relied on to reasonably explain the need for an extension must be supported by an affidavit of the court reporter. The affidavit must include the court reporter's estimate of the earliest date when the reporter's record will be available for filing.
- (d) Supplemental Record. If anything material to either party is omitted from the clerk's record or reporter's record, BODA may, on written motion of a party or on its own motion, direct a supplemental record to be certified and transmitted by the clerk for the evidentiary panel or the court reporter for the evidentiary panel.

Rule 4.04 Copies of the Record

The record may not be withdrawn from the custody of the BODA Clerk. Any party may obtain a copy of the record or any designated part thereof by making a written request to the BODA Clerk and paying any charges for reproduction in advance.

Rule 4.05 Requisites of Briefs

(a) **Appellant's Filing Date.** Appellant's brief must be filed within 30 days after

- the clerk's record or the reporter's record is filed, whichever is later.
- (b) **Appellee's Filing Date.** Appellee's brief must be filed within 30 days after the appellant's brief is filed.
- (c) **Contents.** Briefs must contain:
 - (1) a complete list of the names and addresses of all parties to the final decision and their counsel;
 - (2) a table of contents indicating the subject matter of each issue or point, or group of issues or points, with page references where the discussion of each point relied on may be found;
 - (3) an index of authorities arranged alphabetically and indicating the pages where the authorities are cited:
 - (4) a statement of the case containing a brief general statement of the nature of the cause or offense and the result:
 - (5) a statement, without argument, of the basis of BODA's jurisdiction;
 - (6) a statement of the issues presented for review or points of error on which the appeal is predicated;
 - (7) a statement of facts that is without argument, is supported by record references, and details the facts relating to the issues or points relied on in the appeal;
 - (8) the argument and authorities;
 - (9) conclusion and prayer for relief;
 - (10) a certificate of service; and
 - (11) an appendix of record excerpts pertinent to the issues presented for review.
- (d) Length of Briefs; Contents Included and Excluded. In calculating the length of a document, every word and every part

of the document, including headings, footnotes, and quotations, must be counted except the following: caption, identity of the parties and counsel, statement regarding oral argument, table of contents, index of authorities, statement of the case, statement of issues presented, statement of the jurisdiction, signature, proof of service, certificate of compliance, and appendix. Briefs must not exceed 15,000 words if computer-generated, and 50 pages if not, except on leave of BODA. A reply brief must not exceed 7,500 words if computer-generated, and 25 pages if not, except on leave of BODA. A computer-generated document must include a certificate by counsel or the unrepresented party stating the number of words in the document. The person who signs the certification may rely on the word count of the computer program used to prepare the document.

- (e) Amendment or Supplementation.
 BODA has discretion to grant leave to amend or supplement briefs.
- (f) Failure of the Appellant to File a Brief.
 If the appellant fails to timely file a brief,
 BODA may:
 - dismiss the appeal for want of prosecution, unless the appellant reasonably explains the failure, and the appellee is not significantly injured by the appellant's failure to timely file a brief;
 - (2) decline to dismiss the appeal and make further orders within its discretion as it considers proper; or
 - (3) if an appellee's brief is filed, regard that brief as correctly presenting the case and affirm the evidentiary panel's judgment on that brief without examining the record.

Rule 4.06 Oral Argument

(a) **Request.** A party desiring oral argument must note the request on the front cover of the party's brief. A party's failure to

timely request oral argument waives the party's right to argue. A party who has requested argument may later withdraw the request. But even if a party has waived oral argument, BODA may direct the party to appear and argue. If oral argument is granted, the clerk will notify the parties of the time and place for submission.

- (b) **Right to Oral Argument.** A party who has filed a brief and who has timely requested oral argument may argue the case to BODA unless BODA, after examining the briefs, decides that oral argument is unnecessary for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) the appeal is frivolous;
 - (2) the dispositive issue or issues have been authoritatively decided;
 - (3) the facts and legal arguments are adequately presented in the briefs and record; or
 - (4) the decisional process would not be significantly aided by oral argument.
- (c) Time Allowed. Each party will have 20 minutes to argue. BODA may, on the request of a party or on its own, extend or shorten the time allowed for oral argument. The appellant may reserve a portion of his or her allotted time for rebuttal.

Rule 4.07 Decision and Judgment

- (a) **Decision.** BODA may do any of the following:
 - (1) affirm in whole or in part the decision of the evidentiary panel;
 - (2) modify the panel's findings and affirm the findings as modified;
 - (3) reverse in whole or in part the panel's findings and render the decision that the panel should have rendered; or
 - (4) reverse the panel's findings and

remand the cause for further proceedings to be conducted by:

- (i) the panel that entered the findings; or
- (ii) a statewide grievance committee panel appointed by BODA and composed of members selected from the state bar districts other than the district from which the appeal was taken.
- (b) Mandate. In every appeal, the BODA Clerk must issue a mandate in accordance with BODA's judgment and send it to the evidentiary panel and to all the parties.

Rule 4.08 Appointment of Statewide Grievance Committee

If BODA remands a cause for further proceedings before a statewide grievance committee, the BODA Chair will appoint the statewide grievance committee in accordance with TRDP 2.27. The committee must consist of six members: four attorney members and two public members randomly selected from the current pool of grievance committee members. Two alternates, consisting of one attorney and one public member, must also be selected. BODA will appoint the initial chair who will serve until the members of the statewide grievance committee elect a chair of the committee at the first meeting. The BODA Clerk will notify the Respondent and the CDC that a committee has been appointed.

Rule 4.09 Involuntary Dismissal

Under the following circumstances and on any party's motion or on its own initiative after giving at least ten days' notice to all parties, BODA may dismiss the appeal or affirm the appealed judgment or order. Dismissal or affirmance may occur if the appeal is subject to dismissal:

- (a) for want of jurisdiction;
- (b) for want of prosecution; or
- (c) because the appellant has failed to comply with a requirement of these rules, a court order, or a notice from the clerk requiring

a response or other action within a specified time.

SECTION 5: PETITIONS TO REVOKE PROBATION

Rule 5.01 Initiation and Service

- (a) Before filing a motion to revoke the probation of an attorney who has been sanctioned, the CDC must contact the BODA Clerk to confirm whether the next regularly available hearing date will comply with the 30-day requirement of TRDP. The Chair may designate a threemember panel to hear the motion, if necessary, to meet the 30-day requirement of TRDP 2.23.
- (b) Upon filing the motion, the CDC must serve the Respondent with the motion and any supporting documents in accordance with TRDP 2.23, the TRCP, and these rules. The CDC must notify BODA of the date that service is obtained on the Respondent.

Rule 5.02 Hearing

Within 30 days of service of the motion on the Respondent, BODA must docket and set the matter for a hearing and notify the parties of the time and place of the hearing. On a showing of good cause by a party or on its own motion, BODA may continue the case to a future hearing date as circumstances require.

SECTION 6: COMPULSORY DISCIPLINE

Rule 6.01 Initiation of Proceeding

Under TRDP 8.03, the CDC must file a petition for compulsory discipline with BODA and serve the Respondent in accordance with the TRDP and Rule 1.06 of these rules.

Rule 6.02 Interlocutory Suspension

(a) Interlocutory Suspension. In any compulsory proceeding under TRDP Part VIII in which BODA determines that the Respondent has been convicted of an Intentional Crime and that the criminal conviction is on direct appeal, BODA may suspend the Respondent's license to

practice law by interlocutory order. In any compulsory case in which BODA has imposed an interlocutory order of suspension, BODA retains jurisdiction to render final judgment after the direct appeal of the criminal conviction is final. For purposes of rendering final judgment in a compulsory discipline case, the direct appeal of the criminal conviction is final when the appellate court issues its mandate.

- (b) **Criminal Conviction Affirmed.** If the criminal conviction made the basis of a compulsory interlocutory suspension is affirmed and becomes final, the CDC must file a motion for final judgment that complies with TRDP 8.05.
 - (1) If the criminal sentence is fully probated or is an order of deferred adjudication, the motion for final judgment must contain notice of a hearing date. The motion will be set on BODA's next available hearing date.
 - (2) If the criminal sentence is not fully probated:
 - (i) BODA may proceed to decide the motion without a hearing if the attorney does not file a verified denial within ten days of service of the motion; or
 - (ii) BODA may set the motion for a hearing on the next available hearing date if the attorney timely files a verified denial.
 - (c) Criminal Conviction Reversed. If an appellate court issues a mandate reversing the criminal conviction while a Respondent is subject to an interlocutory suspension, the Respondent may file a motion to terminate the interlocutory suspension. The motion to terminate the interlocutory suspension must have certified copies of the decision and mandate of the reversing court

attached. If the CDC does not file an opposition to the termination within ten days of being served with the motion, BODA may proceed to decide the motion without a hearing or set the matter for a hearing on its own motion. If the CDC timely opposes the motion, BODA must set the motion for a hearing on its next available hearing date. An order terminating an interlocutory order of suspension does not automatically reinstate a Respondent's license.

SECTION 7: RECIPROCAL DISCIPLINE Rule 7.01 Initiation of Proceeding

The Commission for Lawyer Discipline may initiate an action for reciprocal discipline by filing a petition with BODA under TRDP Part IX and these rules. The petition must request that the Respondent be disciplined in Texas and have attached to it any information concerning the disciplinary matter from the other jurisdiction, including a certified copy of the order or judgment rendered against the Respondent.

Rule 7.02 Order to Show Cause

When a petition is filed, the Chair immediately issues a show cause order and a hearing notice and forwards them to the CDC, who must serve the order and notice on the Respondent. The CDC must notify BODA of the date that service is obtained.

Rule 7.03 Attorney's Response

If the Respondent does not file an answer within 30 days of being served with the order and notice but thereafter appears at the hearing, BODA may, at the discretion of the Chair, receive testimony from the Respondent relating to the merits of the petition.

SECTION 8: DISTRICT DISABILITY COMMITTEE HEARINGS

Rule 8.01 Appointment of District Disability Committee

(a) If the evidentiary panel of the grievance committee finds under TRDP 2.17(P)(2),

- or the CDC reasonably believes under TRDP 2.14(C), that a Respondent is suffering from a disability, the rules in this section will apply to the de novo proceeding before the District Disability Committee held under TRDP Part XII.
- (b) Upon receiving an evidentiary panel's finding or the CDC's referral that an attorney is believed to be suffering from a disability, the BODA Chair must appoint a District Disability Committee in compliance with TRDP 12.02 and designate a chair. BODA will reimburse District Disability Committee members for reasonable expenses directly related to service on the District Disability Committee. The BODA Clerk must notify the CDC and the Respondent that a committee has been appointed and notify the Respondent where to locate the procedural rules governing disability proceedings.
- (c) A Respondent who has been notified that a disability referral will be or has been made to BODA may, at any time, waive in writing the appointment of the District Disability Committee or the hearing before the District Disability Committee and enter into an agreed judgment of indefinite disability suspension, provided that the Respondent is competent to waive the hearing. If the Respondent is not represented, the waiver must include a statement affirming that the Respondent has been advised of the right to appointed counsel and waives that right as well.
- (d) All pleadings, motions, briefs, or other matters to be filed with the District Disability Committee must be filed with the BODA Clerk.
- (e) Should any member of the District Disability Committee become unable to serve, the BODA Chair may appoint a substitute member.

Rule 8.02 Petition and Answer

- (a) Petition. Upon being notified that the District Disability Committee has been appointed by BODA, the CDC must, within 20 days, file with the BODA Clerk and serve on the Respondent a copy of a petition for indefinite disability suspension. Service may be made in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested. If service is by certified mail, the return receipt with the Respondent's signature must be filed with the BODA Clerk.
- (b) **Answer.** The Respondent must, within 30 days after service of the petition for indefinite disability suspension, file an answer with the BODA Clerk and serve a copy of the answer on the CDC.
- (c) Hearing Setting. The BODA Clerk must set the final hearing as instructed by the chair of the District Disability Committee and send notice of the hearing to the parties.

Rule 8.03 Discovery

- (a) Limited Discovery. The District Disability Committee may permit limited discovery. The party seeking discovery must file with the BODA Clerk a written request that makes a clear showing of good cause and substantial need and a proposed order. If the District Disability Committee authorizes discovery in a case, it must issue a written order. The order may impose limitations or deadlines on the discovery.
- (b) Physical or Mental Examinations. On written motion by the Commission or on its own motion, the District Disability Committee may order the Respondent to submit to a physical or mental examination by a qualified healthcare or mental healthcare professional. Nothing in this rule limits the Respondent's right to an examination by a professional of his or her choice in addition to any exam

ordered by the District Disability Committee.

- (1) **Motion.** The Respondent must be given reasonable notice of the examination by written order specifying the name, address, and telephone number of the person conducting the examination.
- (2) **Report.** The examining professional must file with the BODA Clerk a detailed, written report that includes the results of all tests performed and the professional's findings, diagnoses, and conclusions. The professional must send a copy of the report to the CDC and the Respondent.
- (c) Objections. A party must make any objection to a request for discovery within 15 days of receiving the motion by filing a written objection with the BODA Clerk. BODA may decide any objection or contest to a discovery motion.

Rule 8.04 Ability to Compel Attendance

The Respondent and the CDC may confront and cross-examine witnesses at the hearing. Compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses by subpoena, enforceable by an order of a district court of proper jurisdiction, is available to the Respondent and the CDC as provided in TRCP 176.

Rule 8.05 Respondent's Right to Counsel

- (a) The notice to the Respondent that a District Disability Committee has been appointed and the petition for indefinite disability suspension must state that the Respondent may request appointment of counsel by BODA to represent him or her at the disability hearing. BODA will reimburse appointed counsel for reasonable expenses directly related to representation of the Respondent.
- (b) To receive appointed counsel under TRDP 12.02, the Respondent must file a written request with the BODA Clerk

within 30 days of the date that Respondent is served with the petition for indefinite disability suspension. A late request must demonstrate good cause for the Respondent's failure to file a timely request.

Rule 8.06 Hearing

The party seeking to establish the disability must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the Respondent is suffering from a disability as defined in the TRDP. The chair of the District Disability Committee must admit all relevant evidence that is necessary for a fair and complete hearing. The TRE are advisory but not binding on the chair.

Rule 8.07 Notice of Decision

The District Disability Committee must certify its finding regarding disability to BODA, which will issue the final judgment in the matter.

Rule 8.08 Confidentiality

All proceedings before the District Disability Committee and BODA, if necessary, are closed to the public. All matters before the District Disability Committee are confidential and are not subject to disclosure or discovery, except as allowed by the TRDP or as may be required in the event of an appeal to the Supreme Court of Texas.

SECTION 9: DISABILITY REINSTATEMENTS

Rule 9.01 Petition for Reinstatement

- (a) An attorney under an indefinite disability suspension may, at any time after he or she has been suspended, file a verified petition with BODA to have the suspension terminated and to be reinstated to the practice of law. The petitioner must serve a copy of the petition on the CDC in the manner required by TRDP 12.06. The TRCP apply to a reinstatement proceeding unless they conflict with these rules.
- (b) The petition must include the information required by TRDP 12.06. If the judgment of disability suspension contained terms

or conditions relating to misconduct by the petitioner prior to the suspension, the petition must affirmatively demonstrate that those terms have been complied with or explain why they have not been satisfied. The petitioner has a duty to amend and keep current all information in the petition until the final hearing on the merits. Failure to do so may result in dismissal without notice.

(c) Disability reinstatement proceedings before BODA are not confidential; however, BODA may make all or any part of the record of the proceeding confidential.

Rule 9.02 Discovery

The discovery period is 60 days from the date that the petition for reinstatement is filed. The BODA Clerk will set the petition for a hearing on the first date available after the close of the discovery period and must notify the parties of the time and place of the hearing. BODA may continue the hearing for good cause shown.

Rule 9.03 Physical or Mental Examinations

- (a) On written motion by the Commission or on its own, BODA may order the petitioner seeking reinstatement to submit to a physical or mental examination by a qualified healthcare or mental healthcare professional. The petitioner must be served with a copy of the motion and given at least seven days to respond. BODA may hold a hearing before ruling on the motion but is not required to do so.
- (b) The petitioner must be given reasonable notice of the examination by written order specifying the name, address, and telephone number of the person conducting the examination.
- (c) The examining professional must file a detailed, written report that includes the results of all tests performed and the professional's findings, diagnoses, and conclusions. The professional must send a copy of the report to the parties.

- (d) If the petitioner fails to submit to an examination as ordered, BODA may dismiss the petition without notice.
- (e) Nothing in this rule limits the petitioner's right to an examination by a professional of his or her choice in addition to any exam ordered by BODA.

Rule 9.04 Judgment

If, after hearing all the evidence, BODA determines that the petitioner is not eligible for reinstatement, BODA may, in its discretion, either enter an order denying the petition or direct that the petition be held in abeyance for a reasonable period of time until the petitioner provides additional proof as directed by BODA. The judgment may include other orders necessary to protect the public and the petitioner's potential clients.

SECTION 10: APPEALS FROM BODA TO THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS

Rule 10.01 Appeals to the Supreme Court

- (a) A final decision by BODA, except a determination that a statement constitutes an inquiry or a complaint under TRDP 2.10, may be appealed to the Supreme Court of Texas. The clerk of the Supreme Court of Texas must docket an appeal from a decision by BODA in the same manner as a petition for review without fee.
- (b) The appealing party must file the notice of appeal directly with the clerk of the Supreme Court of Texas within 14 days of receiving notice of a final determination by BODA. The record must be filed within 60 days after BODA's determination. The appealing party's brief is due 30 days after the record is filed, and the responding party's brief is due 30 days thereafter. The BODA Clerk must send the parties a notice of BODA's final decision that includes the information in this paragraph.
- (c) An appeal to the Supreme Court is governed by TRDP 7.11 and the TRAP.

IN THE NAME AND BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

THE GRAND JURY, for the County of Hidalgo, State of Texas, duly selected, impaneled, sworn, charged and organized as such at the July Term A.D. 2013 of the 370 Judicial District Court for said County, upon their oaths present in and to said court at said term that JACQUES TREVINO, hereinafter styled Defendant, from on or about the 18th day of November A.D., 2010, to on or about the 27th day of June A.D., 2013 and before the presentment of this indictment, in Hidalgo County, Texas, pursuant to one scheme or continuing course of conduct, did then and there unlawfully appropriate, by acquiring or otherwise exercising control over property, other than real property, to-wit: money, and the aggregate value of all the property appropriated was \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, from RENE GUTIERREZ, as representative of Edinburg Consolidated Independent School District, without the effective consent of the owner, namely, by deception, and with intent to deprive the said owner of said property;

COUNT TWO

THE GRAND JURY, for the County of Hidalgo, State of Texas, duly selected, impaneled, sworn, charged and organized as such at the July Term A.D. 2013 of the 2/0 Judicial District Court for said County, upon their oaths present in and to said court at said term that JACQUES TREVINO, hereinafter styled Defendant, from on or about the 18th day of November, 2010, and continuing to on or about the the 30th day of December, 2011, and before the presentment of this indictment, in Hidalgo County, Texas, pursuant to one scheme or continuing course of conduct, did then and there, intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly misapply property, to-wit: money, of the value of \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, that the said defendant held as a fiduciary or as a person acting in a fiduciary capacity, but not as a commercial bailee, contrary to an agreement, under which the said defendant held the property, and in a manner that involved substantial risk of loss of the property to RENE GUTIERREZ, as representative of Edinburg Consolidated Independent School District, the person for whose benefit the property was being held, allowing said money to be withdrawn from the Defendant's IOLTA bank account and expending said money in a manner inconsistent with the legal settlement purpose for which said money was held;

AGAINST THE PEACE AND DIGNITY OF THE STATE. FOREPERSON OF THE GRAND JURY . EDINBURG ISD PD Arrest Date: Mgency: By: IDA Case No. 12-07857 Bond: \$0.00 State of Texas vs. JACQUES TREVINO Charge: THEFT PROP \$20K<\$100K, (ct - 1) MISAPPLICATION OF FIDUCIARY PROPERTY, O/\$20K U/\$100K (ct - 2) 1380710

> DATE Социту, Техаз

DEC 1 1 2013

LAURA JKOJOSA, CLERK District Courts, Hidales Chunty Deputy#13

Case No. CR-4374-13-I (COUNT TWO) TRN 922 021 6205 A002

| THE STATE OF TEXAS | § | IN THE 398TH JUDICIAL |
|---------------------|---|------------------------------|
| v. JACQUES TREVIÑO, | § | DISTRICT COURT OF |
| DEFENDANT | § | HIDALGO COUNTY, TEXAS |
| SID: TX 50192288 | | |

ORDER OF DEFERRED ADJUDICATION & COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

DATE OF ORDER: AUGUST 10, 2015

JUDGE PRESIDING: AIDA SALINAS FLORES

ATTORNEY FOR THE STATE: SHANE ATTAWAY (SPECIAL

PROSECUTOR)

OSCAR VEGA ATTORNEY FOR THE DEFENDANT:

> OFFENSE CODE: 26990032

> > OFFENSE: MISAPPLICATION OF FIDUCIARY

> > > PROPERTY, IN AN AMOUNT OF \$20,000.00 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$100,000.00, AS CHARGED IN THE

INDICTMENT

NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO ON OR ABOUT DATE OF OFFENSE:

DECEMBER 30, 2011

DEGREE OF OFFENSE: THIRD DEGREE FELONY

STATUTE FOR OFFENSE: 32.45 (c)(5) PENAL CODE PUNISHMENT RANGE: 2 - 10 YEARS IN PRISON/MAX \$10,000

(Including enhancements if any): FINE

CHARGING INSTRUMENT: INDICTMENT or INFORMATION

TERMS OF PLEA AGREEMENT OR

FINDINGS OF THE COURT, TO WIT,

PLEA TO OFFENSE: NO CONTEST

COMMUNITY SUPERVISION PERIOD: TEN (10) YEARS

PLEA TO ENHANCEMENT(S): NONE FINDING TO ENHANCEMENT(S): NONE DEADLY WEAPON FINDING: NONE

DISMISS: CR-4374-13-I (COUNT ONE), CR-2674-13-I

& CR-3223-14-I

TIME SPENT IN JAIL: 124 DAYS

FINE: \$500.00

RESTITUTION: \$91,667.00 COURT COSTS: \$ 263

On AUGUST 10, 2015, the above numbered and entitled cause was regularly reached and called for trial, and the State appeared by SHANE ATTAWAY, and the Defendant and the Defendant's attorney, OSCAR VEGA, were also present. Thereupon both sides announced ready for trial, and the Defendant, Defendant's attorney, and the State's attorney, agreed in open court and in writing to waive a jury in the trial of this cause and to submit it to the Court. The Court consented to the waiver of a jury. The Defendant further waived the reading of the indictment or information, and, upon being asked by the Court as to how the Defendant pleaded, entered a plea of NO CONTEST to the offense of MISAPPLICATION

OF FIDUCIARY PROPERTY, IN AN AMOUNT OF \$20,000.00 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$100,000.00, AS CHARGED IN THE INDICTMENT, THIRD DEGREE FELONY. Furthermore, as to the enhancement paragraphs, if any, the Defendant entered a plea of NONE.

Thereupon, the Court admonished the Defendant of the range of punishment attached to the offense, that any recommendation of the State is not binding on the Court, that the existence of a plea bargain limits the right of an appeal to only pre-trial matters raised and preserved, and that if the Defendant is not a citizen of the United States of America, a plea of guilty or no contest may result in deportation under federal law; it appeared to the Court that the Defendant was competent to stand trial and was not influenced in making said plea(s) by any consideration of fear or by any persuasion prompting a confession of guilt; and that the Defendant understood the admonitions of the Court and was aware of the consequences of the plea(s); and the Court received the free and voluntary plea(s), which are now entered of record in the minutes of the Court.

The Court then proceeded to hear evidence from the State and the Defendant and, having heard argument of counsel, found there was sufficient evidence to support the Defendant's plea and found the offense was committed on NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO ON OR ABOUT DECEMBER 30, 2011, and made a finding of NONE on the enhancement paragraph(s), if any.

A pre-sentence investigation report **WAS NOT DONE** according to Article 42.12, Section 9, CCP.

However, the Court, after due consideration, is of the opinion and so finds that the best interests of society and the Defendant are served in this cause by deferring further proceedings without an adjudication of **NO CONTEST**.

It is, therefore, **ORDERED**, by the Court that on **August 10, 2015**, further proceedings in this cause shall be and are hereby deferred. The Defendant is placed on community supervision for a period of **TEN (10) YEARS** with a fine of \$500.00 subject to the conditions of supervision imposed by the Court in an Order that is hereby incorporated into this Order.

Order Imposing Conditions of Community Supervision

In accordance with the authority conferred by Article 42.12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the Court has placed the Defendant on community supervision in the above styled and numbered cause for the offense of MISAPPLICATION OF FIDUCIARY PROPERTY, IN AN AMOUNT OF \$20,000.00 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$100,000.00, AS CHARGED IN THE INDICTMENT for a period of TEN (10) YEARS. The Court hereby ORDERS the Defendant to comply with the following conditions of community supervision:

- 1. Commit no offense against the laws of this State, or of any other State, or the United States.
- 2. Avoid injurious or vicious habits.
- 3. Avoid persons or places of disreputable or harmful character.
- 4. Obey all rules and regulations of the Hidalgo County Community Supervision and Corrections Department.
- 5. Permit the Supervision Officer to visit Defendant at Defendant's home or elsewhere.
- 6. Work faithfully at suitable employment as far as possible.

- 7. Remain within the limits of Hidalgo County, Texas, unless given permission to leave there from
- 8. Support any dependents.
- 9. Attain an educational skill level that is equal to or greater than the average skill level of students who have completed the sixth grade in public schools in this State by participating fully in the Hidalgo County Community Corrections & Supervision Education and Employment Program beginning immediately, comply with the developmental training, and obey all rules and regulations of the program.
- 10. Permit, during the term of community supervision and on the basis of a "reasonable suspicion of criminal activity", any community supervision officer, government agency or their designee, to search Defendant's person, property, vehicle(s), residence or any place where Defendant may be living, with or without a search warrant.
- 11. Report monthly in person to the Supervision Officer beginning immediately and continue as directed by the Supervision Officer.
- 12. **PAY** the **FINE** in the amount of \$500.00 in monthly installments of \$10.00 beginning thirty (30) days from the date of this Order and continuing every month thereafter until paid in full, payable at the Hidalgo County Clerk Collections Department, 100 N. Closner, Edinburg, Texas.
- 13. MAKE RESTITUTION to the victim(s) in the amount of \$\frac{\$91,667.00}{201,667.00}\$ in monthly installments of \$\frac{\$780.00}{201,600}\$ beginning thirty (30) days from the date of this Order and continuing every month thereafter until paid in full, payable at the Hidalgo County Community Supervision and Corrections Department, 3100 S. Highway 281, Edinburg, Texas.
- 14. Avoid bars, taverns, "cantinas", lounges, pool halls, and all establishments whose primary business or source of income is selling or distributing alcoholic beverages.
- 15. Avoid the use or abuse of any and all alcoholic beverages or mind-altering drugs during the entire period of community supervision.
- 16. Make a payment in the amount of \$8.00 for the cost of the analysis for alcohol or controlled substances, said payment due on the date of each analysis, and payable at the Hidalgo County Community Supervision & Corrections Department, 3100 S. Highway 281, Edinburg, Texas.
- 17. Make one payment on or before <u>ninety (90) days</u> from the date of this Order to the local Crime Stoppers Program, as defined by Section 414.001 of the Government Code and certified by the Crime Stoppers Advisory counsel, in the amount of <u>\$50.00</u>, payable at the Hidalgo County Community Supervision and Corrections Department, 3100 S. Highway 281, Edinburg, Texas.
- 18. Pay a monthly fee to the Court in the amount of \$60.00 on or before/within thirty (30) days from the date of this Order, and continuing every month thereafter during the community supervision period, payable at the Hidalgo County Community Supervision & Corrections Department, 3100 S. Highway 281, Edinburg, Texas.
- 19. Pay court costs to the County of Hidalgo within ninety (90) days from the date of this Order payable at the Hidalgo County Clerk Collections Department, 100 N. Closner, Edinburg, Texas.
- 20. Submit to random testing for alcohol or controlled substances by authorized personnel of the Hidalgo County Community Supervision and Corrections Department.
- 21. Work 160 hours at a Community Service Project(s) for an organization(s) approved by the Judge and designated by the Hidalgo County Community Supervision & Corrections Department at the rate of not less than eight (8) hours per week beginning immediately and continuing every week thereafter until completed in full.

- 22. Attend Alcoholics Anonymous meetings at least once a week for a period of twelve (12) months, beginning immediately, and provide proof of attendance to the Supervision Office.
- 23. Observe a curfew from 7:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. every day during the entire period of community supervision.
- 24. Attend and successfully complete a **15-hour drug education program** certified by the Texas Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse and approved by the Hidalgo County Community Supervision and Corrections Department; pay the costs of the classes directly to the sponsoring agency; commence and complete the classes within 180 days from the date of this order; and submit a copy of the certificate of completion to the Hidalgo County Community Supervision and Corrections Department, 3100 S. Highway 281, Edinburg, Texas.
- 25. Serve an indeterminate term of confinement and treatment of not more than one (1) year or less than 90 days in a Substance Abuse Treatment Facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009 Government Code, and on release from the facility participate in a drug or alcohol abuse continuum of care treatment plan developed by the Texas Department of State Health Services.

Furthermore, the following special findings or orders apply:

The Court finds that all court-ordered payments, if any, are suspended during the Defendant's custodial supervision, if any, and such payments shall be reinstated thirty days from the date of discharge from such custodial supervision.

The Court finds that **THERE IS** plea bargain agreement between the State and the Defendant.

The Court, upon the State's motion, **DISMISSED** the following count(s), case(s), or complaint(s): CR-4374-13-I (COUNT ONE), CR-2674-13-I & CR-3223-14-I, STATE OF TEXAS VS. JACQUES TREVINO, 398TH DISTRICT COURT, HIDALGO COUNTY, TEXAS.

The Court finds that the Defendant has spent 124 DAYS in county jail.

The Defendant is hereby advised that, under the laws of the State of Texas, the Court shall determine the conditions of community supervision and may, at any time during the period of supervision, alter or modify the conditions of supervision. The Court also may extend the period of supervision and has the authority to revoke the community supervision at any time during the period of supervision for any violation of the conditions.

Signed on the ____ day of ____

Judge Presiding

| Receipt is hereby acknowledged on the date shown above of one copy of the above of | ove Order. |
|---|------------|
| Defendant Community Supervision Off | icer |
| NC | |
| Defendant's right thumbprint | |
| | |

SX 1

CASE NO. <u>CR-4374-13-I (COUNT TWO)</u> INCIDENT NO./TRN: ____

| THE STATE OF TEXAS | § | IN THE 398TH DISTRICT COURT |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| V. | § | OF |
| JACQUES TREVINO | § | HIDALGO COUNTY, TEXAS |
| SID: TX50192288 | Q | |

WAIVER OF RIGHTS & CONSENT TO STIPULATION OF EVIDENCE AND/OR TESTIMONY & PLEA OF GUILTY OR NO CONTEST

I, JACQUES TREVINO, voluntarily state as follows:

RIGHTS OF ACCUSED: I have the right of trial by jury; the right to demand the nature and cause of the accusation and have a copy thereof; the right to remain silent; the right to be represented by counsel; the right of being confronted with witnesses and to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses; and the right to be accused by indictment. (Article 1.05 Code of Criminal Procedure)

WAIVER OF RIGHTS: I hereby waive my right of trial by jury; I waive my right to the appearance, confrontation, and cross-examination of witnesses at the guilt-innocence and punishment phase of this proceeding; I waive service of indictment and the two day waiting period for arraignment, or I waive my right to be accused by indictment; I waive my right to consult in private with counsel sufficiently in advance of trial to allow adequate preparation for trial; If I plead guilty, I waive my right to remain silent, and it is my desire to take the witness stand knowing that anything I say can be used against me. (Article 1.13, 1.14, 1.141 & 1.05(a) Code of Criminal Procedure)

CONSENT TO STIPULATION OF EVIDENCE/TESTIMONY: I consent to the oral and written stipulations of the evidence and/or testimony in this case.

REPRESENTATION BY COUNSEL: I have received and I am totally satisfied with the effective assistance and competent representation in this case.

COMPETENCY: I am mentally competent, fully aware of the nature of this proceeding, and I am able to assist my attorney in my defense.

PLEA OF GUILTY:

| | and I admit I committed each and every element of every |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| | rmation, namely, MISAPPLICATION OF FIDUCIARY |
| | 0.00 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$100,000.00, THIRD |
| DEGREE FELONY, committed on ON O | R ABOUT NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO ON OR ABOUT |
| DECEMBER 30, 2011. | |
| included or related offense, namely, | d I admit I committed each and every element of the lesser |
| Degree: | committed on ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO |
| ON OR ABOUT DECEMBER 30, 2011. | |

PLEA OF NO CONTEST

If freely and voluntarily plead NO CONTEST to the offense alleged in the indictment or information, namely, MISAPPLICATION OF FIDUCIARY PROPERTY, IN AN AMOUNT OF \$20,000.00 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$100,000.00, THIRD DEGREE FELONY, committed on ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO ON OR ABOUT DECEMBER 30, 2011.

| □I freely and voluntarily plead NO CONTEST to the lesser included offense, namely, |
|---|
| Degree: : committed on ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO |
| Degree:; committed on ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER 18, 2010 TO ON OR ABOUT DECEMBER 30, 2011. |
| DI TI MO DOLOD CONVICTIONS |
| PLEA TO PRIOR CONVICTION(S): |
| ☐I freely and voluntarily plead TRUE to the allegation(s) of prior conviction(s) in paragraph(s) of the indictment or information. |
| of the indictment of information. |
| APPLICATION FOR COMMUNITY SUPERVISION: |
| □ I ask the Court to consider suspending the imposition of the sentence and place me on community |
| supervision if the term of imprisonment in this case does not exceed ten (10) years or the term of confinement in this case does not exceed five (5) years. |
| MOTION TO CONSIDER UNADJUDICATED OFFENSE(S): |
| □ I admit, with the consent of the Attorney for the State, my guilt of the following offense(s), and request |
| the Court to take each into account in determining sentence for the offense of which I stand adjudged guilty: |
| MOZION FOR DEFERRED ADJUDICATION: |
| ask the Court to consider deferring further proceedings without entering an adjudication of guilty, |
| and place me on community supervision for a period not to exceed ten (10) years, and that if my motion is granted, I will not be found guilty at this time. |
| |
| CREDIT FOR TIME SPENT IN JAIL BETWEEN ARREST & SENTENCING (not for deferred adjudication) |
| □ I freely and voluntarily agree with the trial judge that I shall receive days credit on my |
| sentence for the time I have spent in jail in this case, other than confinement served as a condition of community supervision, from the time of my arrest and confinement until my sentence. |
| Signed on this the 10th day of Argus + , 20 . |
| |
| |
| JACQUES TREVINO |
| Defendan |
| Sworn to and subscribed before me, the Clerk of Hidalgo County, Texas, on this the 10 day of |
| AL |
| Deputy District Clerk |

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ACCEPTANCE AND APPROVAL BY THE DEFENSE ATTORNEY

After consulting and advising Defendant of Defendant's constitutional and procedural rights, I believe that Defendant understands these rights; that Defendant is mentally competent; that Defendant is aware of the consequences of the plea, including immigration circumstances, if applicable²; that Defendant understands the admonitions of the Court; and that Defendant is not relying on any advice, information, or agreement not made known to the Court at this time. I approve the signing of the plea, waiver of rights, judicial confession, and agreement to stipulate evidence/testimony.

I waive, with the consent of the Defendant, the ten day preparation time that I am entitled to, if any, in

order to prepare for trial.

ACCEPTANCE AND APPROVAL BY THE ATTORNEY FOR THE STATE

Before the entry of the Defendant's plea herein, I hereby consent to, and approve, the above waivers and stipulations.

I, the Attorney for the State, respectfully request permission from the Court to proceed on the lesser included or related offense, namely, ____

Assistant District Attorney Protem

ACCEPTANCE AND APPROVAL BY THE COURT

It clearly appearing to the Court that the Defendant is mentally competent, and is represented by competent counsel; that Defendant understands the nature of the charge against Defendant; that Defendant has been admonished by the Court, including the minimum and maximum punishment provided by law; that Defendant fully understands the admonitions of the Court, and is fully aware of the consequences of the plea, including immigration consequences, if applicable; that the Attorney for Defendant and for the State consent and approve the waivers and stipulations made by the Defendant;

The Court, therefore, finds such plea, waivers, and consent to be voluntarily made, and the Court accepts the plea and approves the waivers and stipulations made by the Defendant.

Signed on the 10th day of 4,20 5.

² See Padilla v. Kentucky, 130 S.Ct. 1473 (2010).

AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF TRAVIS

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Judith Gres DeBerry, Petitioner's attorney of record, who, being by me duly sworn, deposed as follows:

"My name is Judith Gres DeBerry. I am over the age of 18 years, of sound mind, capable of making this affidavit, and state the following:

Based upon information and belief, Jacques Evan Trevino, whose Texas Bar Card Number is 00797571, is licensed as an attorney and counselor at law in the State of Texas. Based upon information and belief, Jacques Evan Trevino named as Respondent in the Petition for Compulsory Discipline filed with the Board of Disciplinary Appeals, is one and the same person as the Jacques Trevino who is the subject of Order of Deferred Adjudication & Community Supervision entered in Case No.CR-4374-13-I (Count Two), styled The State of Texas v. Jacques Trevino, in the 398th Judicial District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas, wherein Respondent pled no contest to Count Two of the Indictment – Misapplication of Fiduciary Property, in an amount of \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,00, a Third Degree Felony, and was placed on community supervision for a period of ten (10) years with a fine of \$500.00, restitution of \$91,667.00, one hundred sixty (160) hours of community service, and ordered to serve an indeterminate term of confinement and treatment of not more than one (1) year or less than ninety (90) days in a Substance Abuse Treatment Facility operated ty the Texas Department of Criminal Justice."

FURTHER Affiant saith not.

Judith Gres DeBerry

SWORN AND SUBSCRIBED before me on the 3 day of MW(